

The Nature of Science

Chris Quigg

Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory



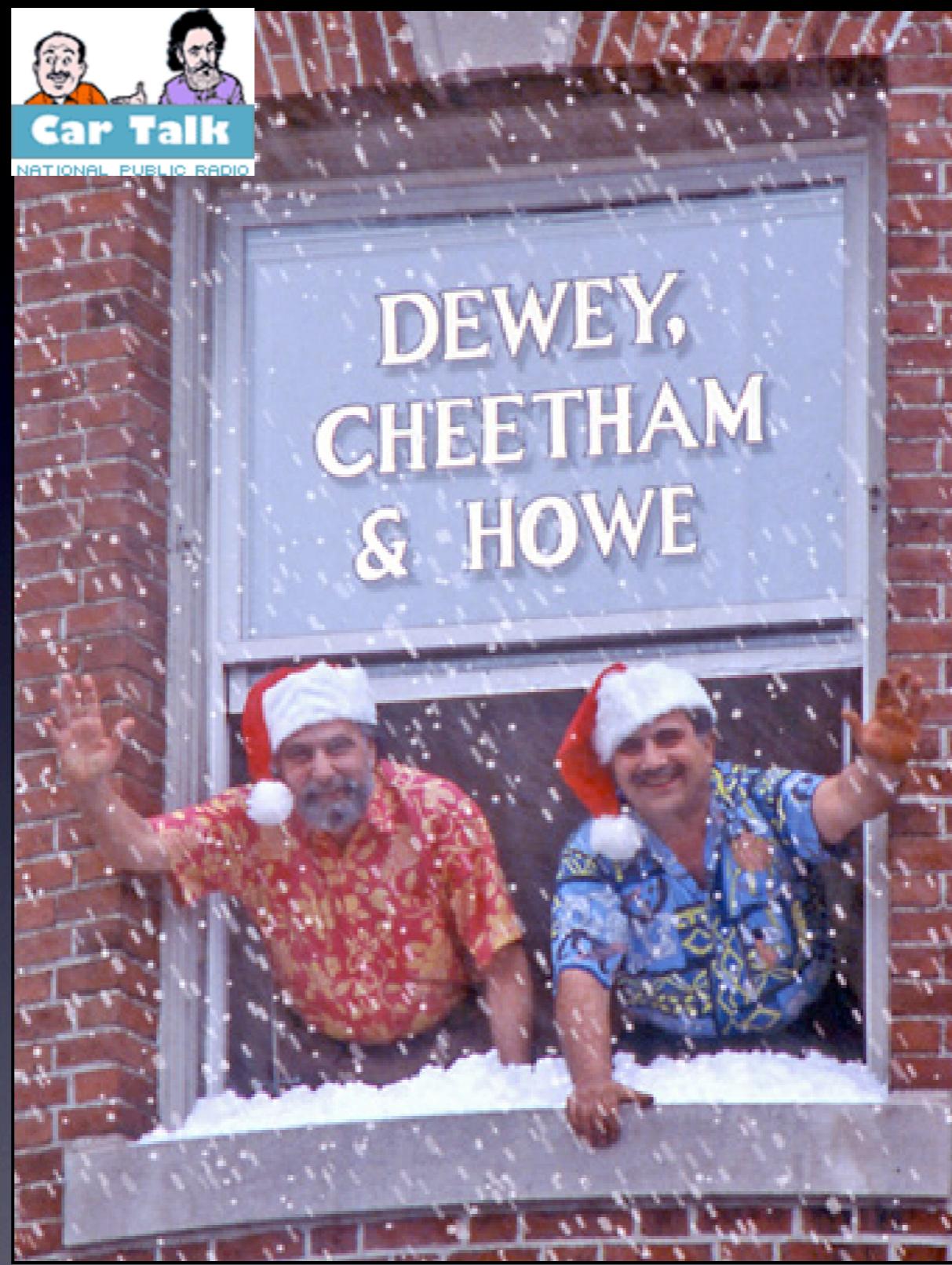
Fermilab Symposium · 22 May 2006

We can understand the Universe.

Nature is reliable, not capricious.

- Identify and scrutinize assumptions
 - Hone powers of analysis
 - Expand capacity for synthesis
-

- *Link cause with effect*
- *Search for relevant evidence*
- *Seek the truth without self-deception*

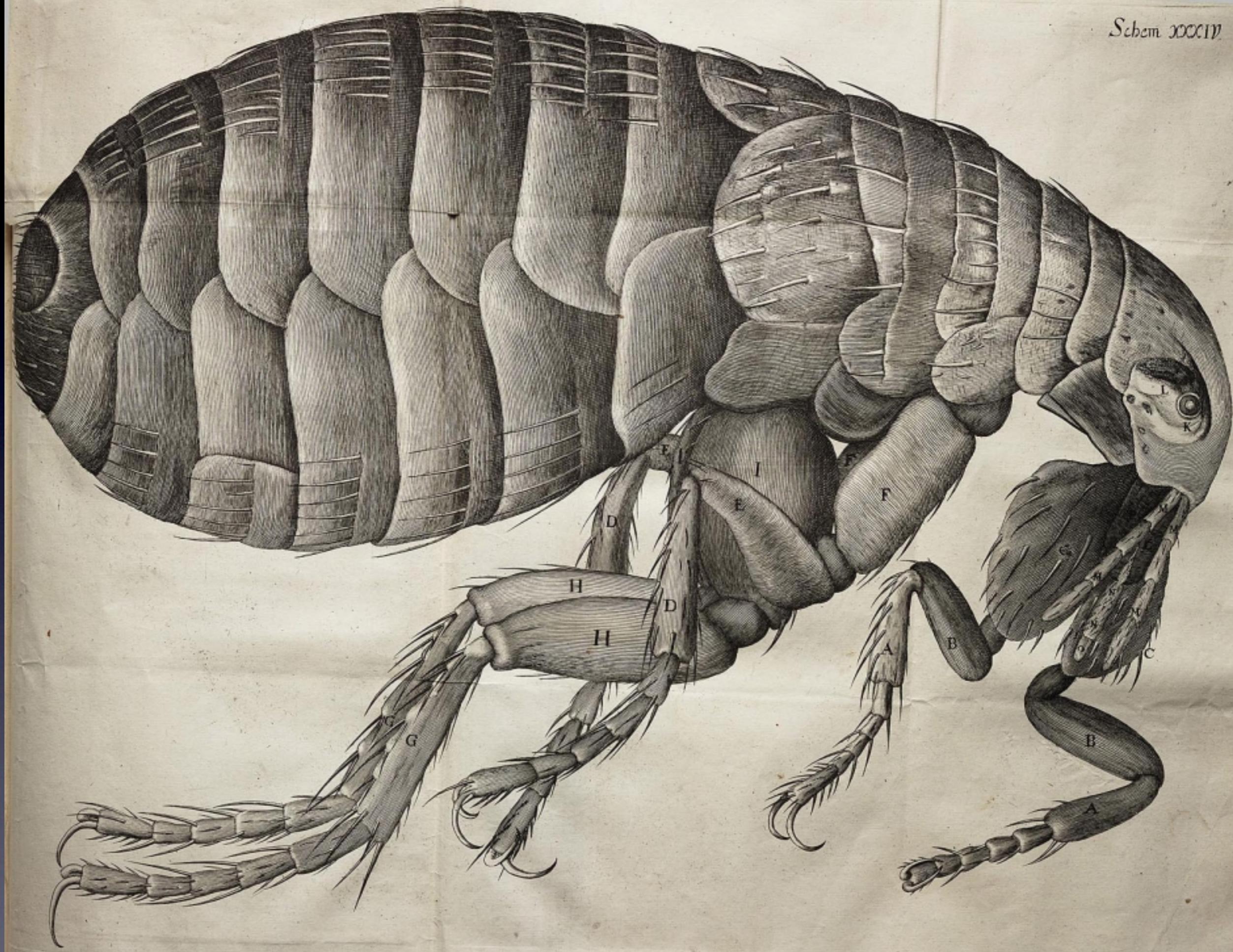


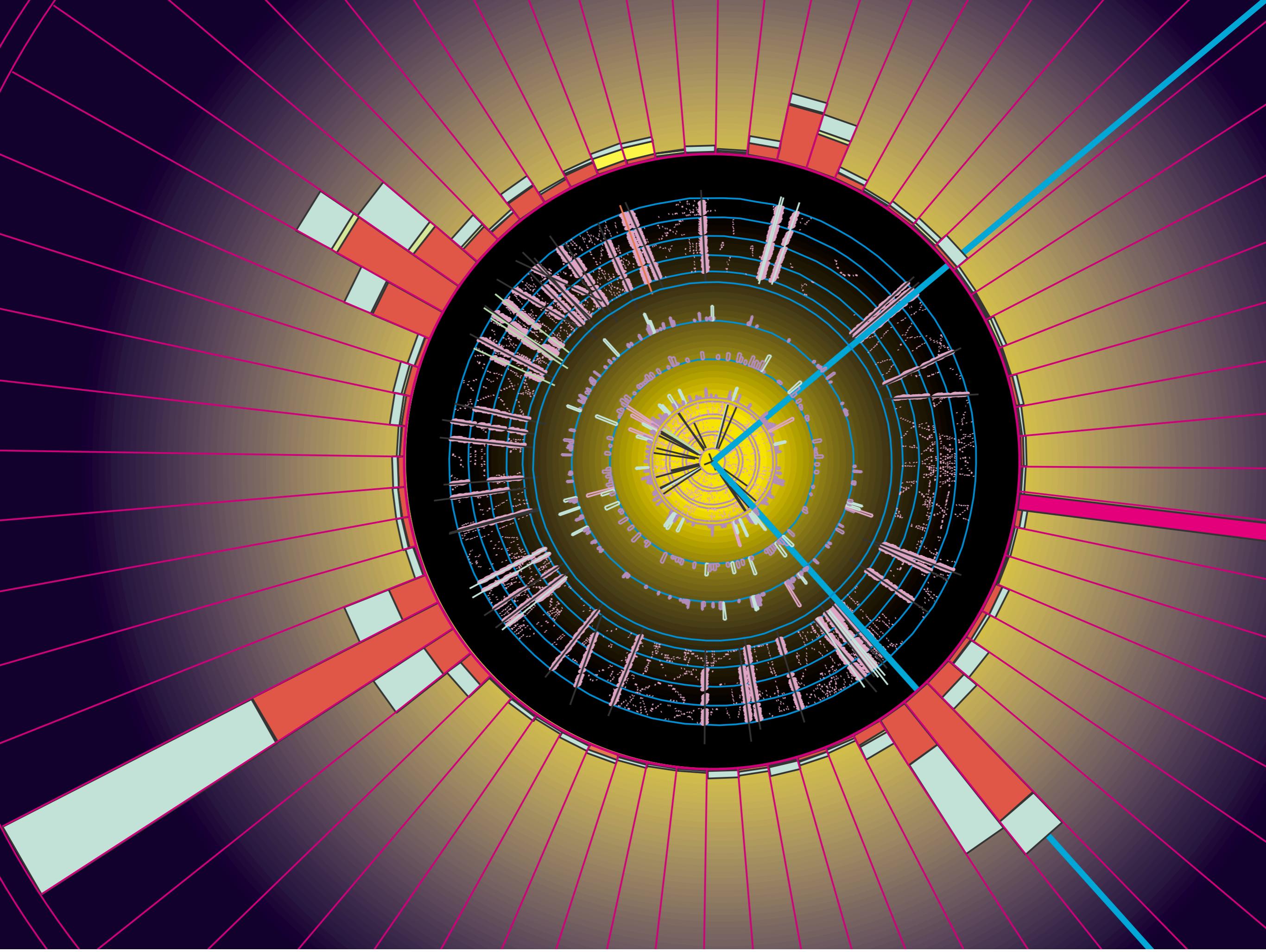
I don't remember a single formula, a single theorem, from three years of college physics. ... What I do recall ... is certain ways of thinking, of approaching the world. Physics taught me those, and they have remained with me long after the equations faded. What I'm trying to teach my [creative writing] students, then, are ways of thinking ... a sensibility.

—Peter Ho Davies, Chicago Tribune Books 1/9/00

Making observations.

Gathering specimens.





Observing Fermilab's Prairie



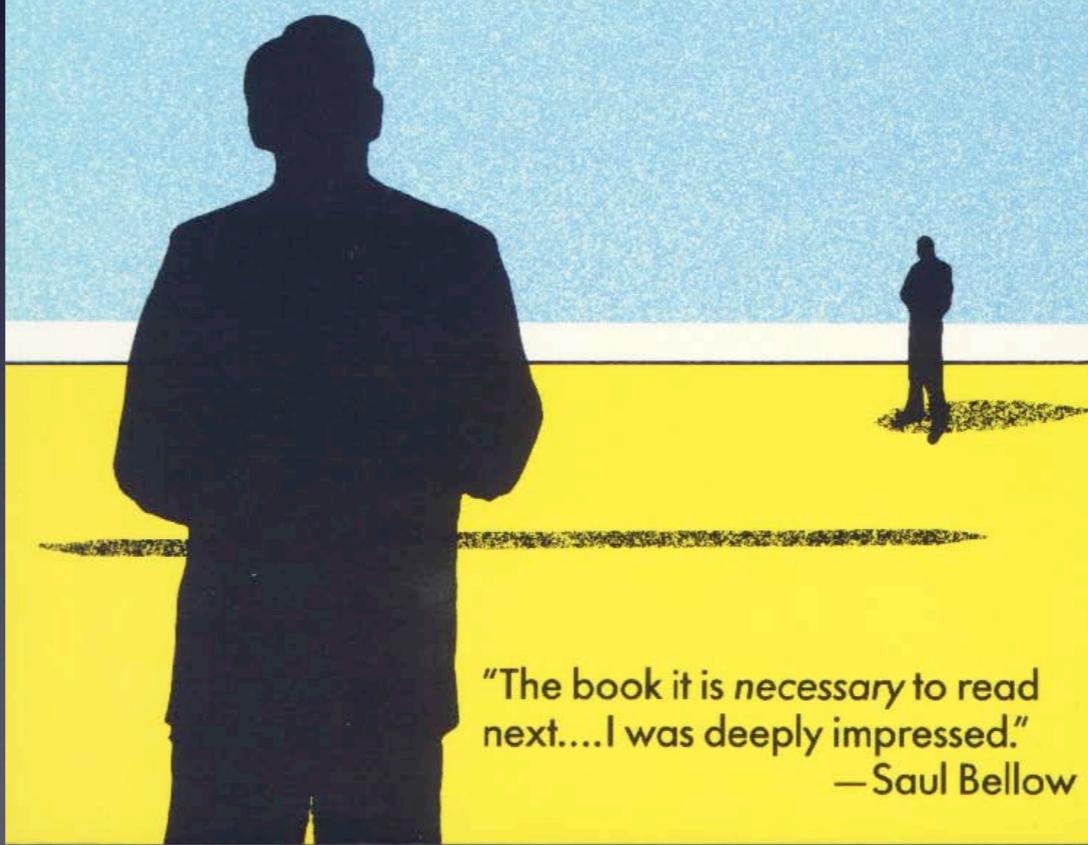
Science is about Nature.

Reality matters.

THE
PERIODIC
TABLE

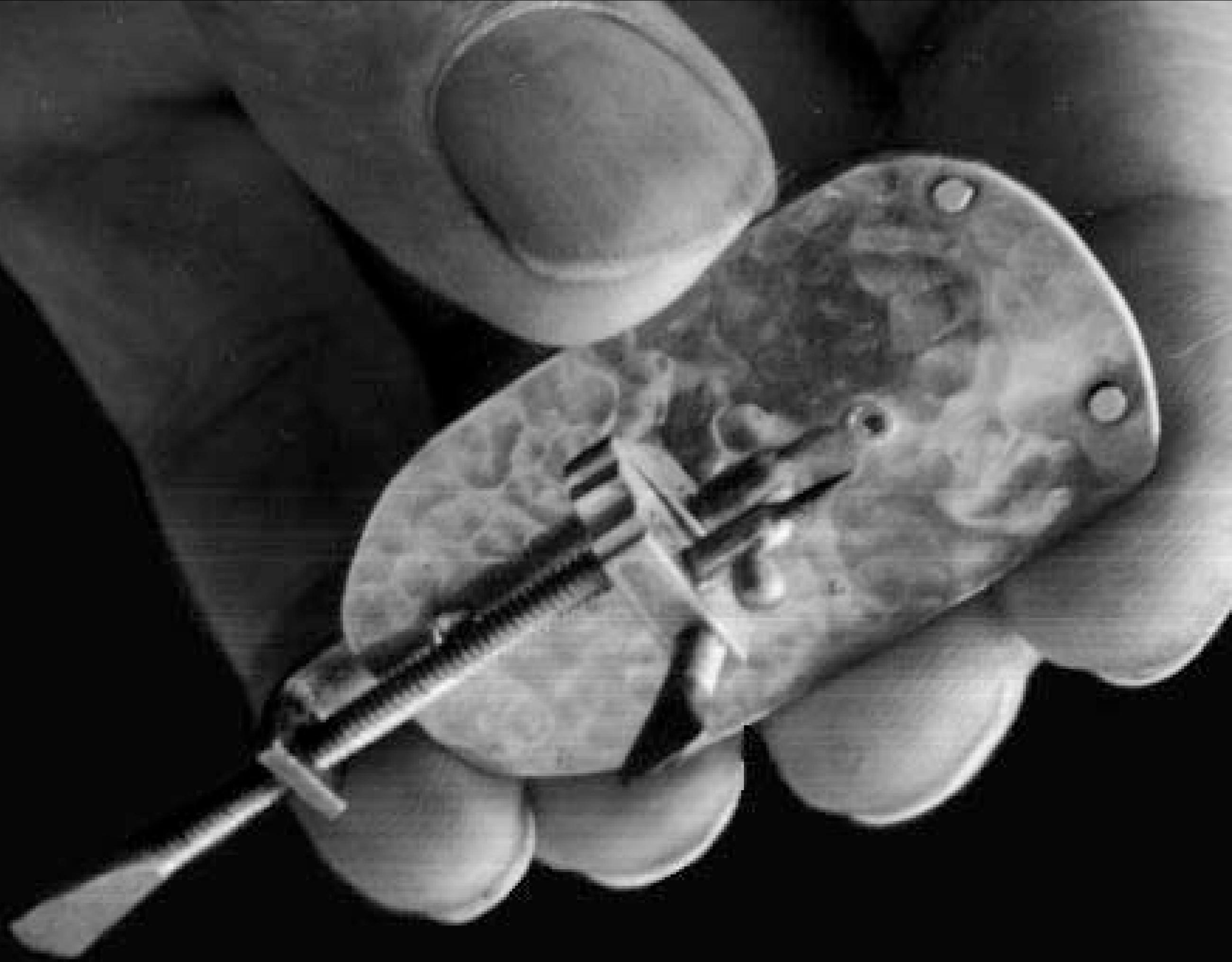
by Primo Levi

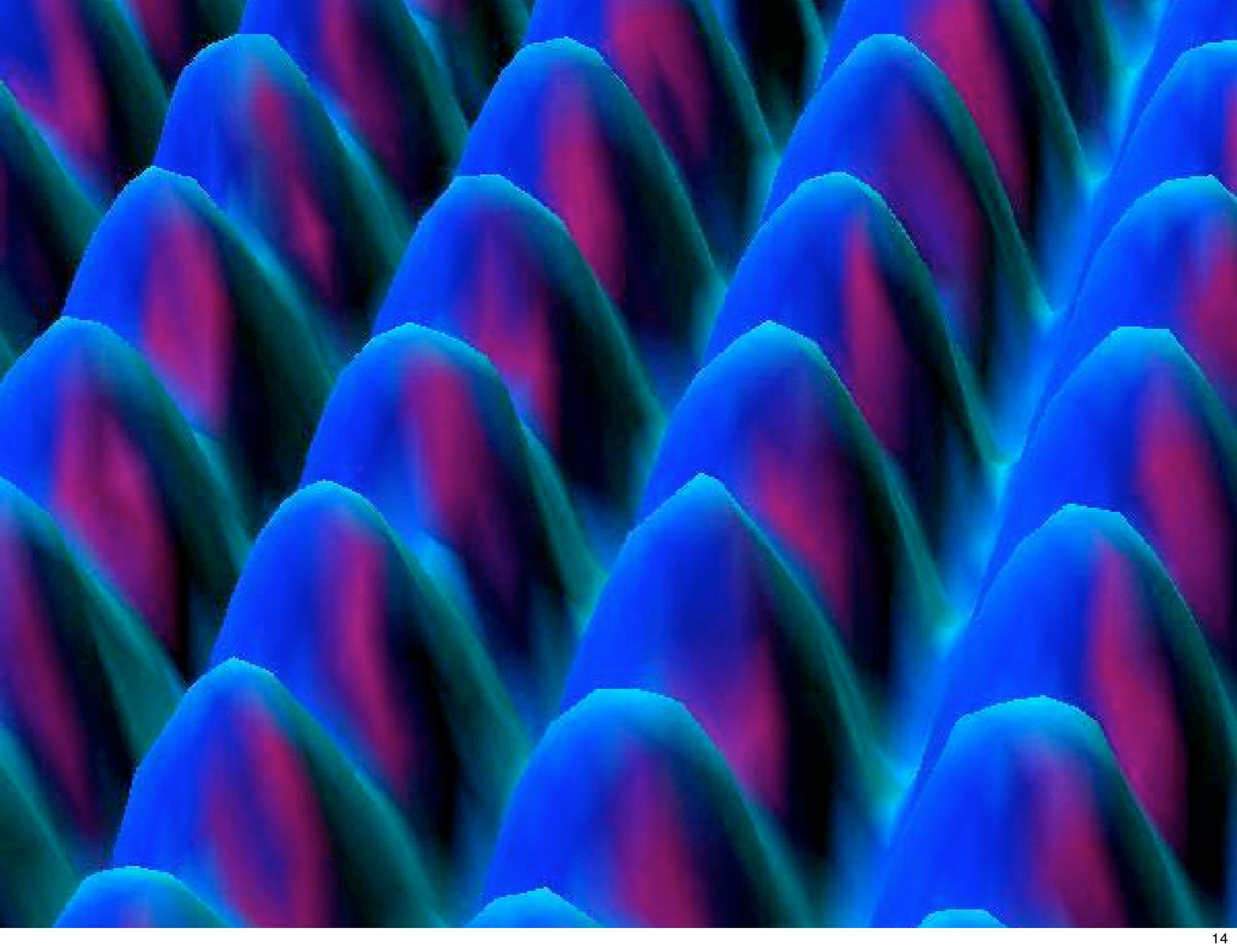
Translated by Raymond Rosenthal



Science enables technology.

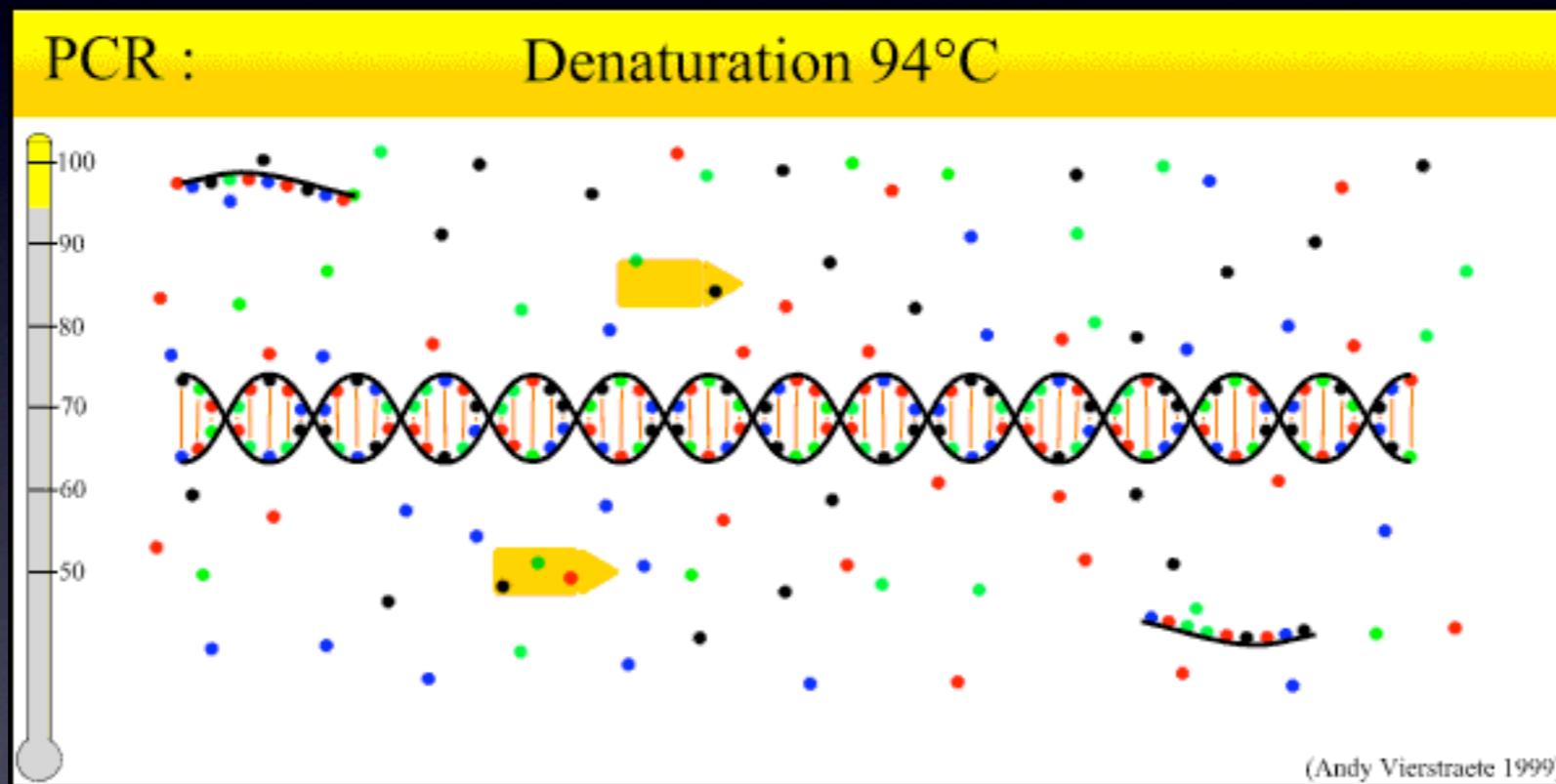
Technology enables science.







Polymerase Chain Reaction for genetic research.



Making Measurements



		H Hydrogen		
3		Li Lithium	B Boron	5
11		Na Sodium	Mg Magnesium	13
19		K Potassium	Ca Calcium	21
37		Rb Rubidium	Sr Strontium	23
55				25
66	Dy Dysprosium	67	Ho Holmium	68
98	Cf Californium	99	Es Einsteinium	100
101		102	No Nobelium	103
105		106	Lr Lawrencium	107
107		108	Db Dubnium	109
109		110	Sg Seaborgium	111
111		112	Bh Bohrium	113

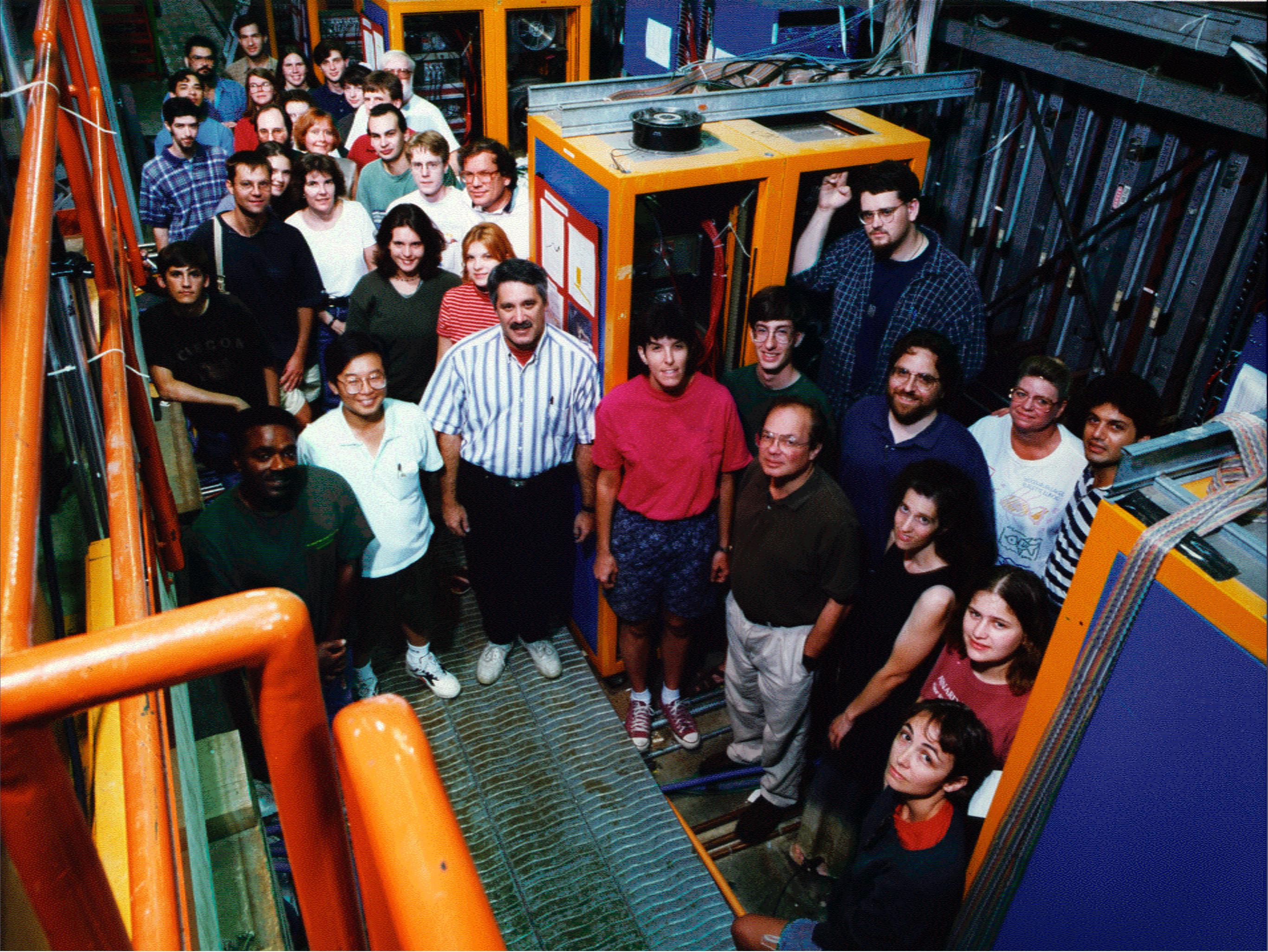
copyright roy alexander 2000 patent no. 3581409
Kandar Arrangement of

Doing experiments

Nullius in verba!

Don't take anyone's word for anything!

People do science.



How old is the Earth?

Cyclical cosmologies:

Maya · August 11, 3114 B.C.E. – December 21, 2012

Han Chinese · every 23,639,040 years

Genesis (Hebrew Scholars):

Year of Creation was 3764 B.C.E.

Current year is 5766 A.M.

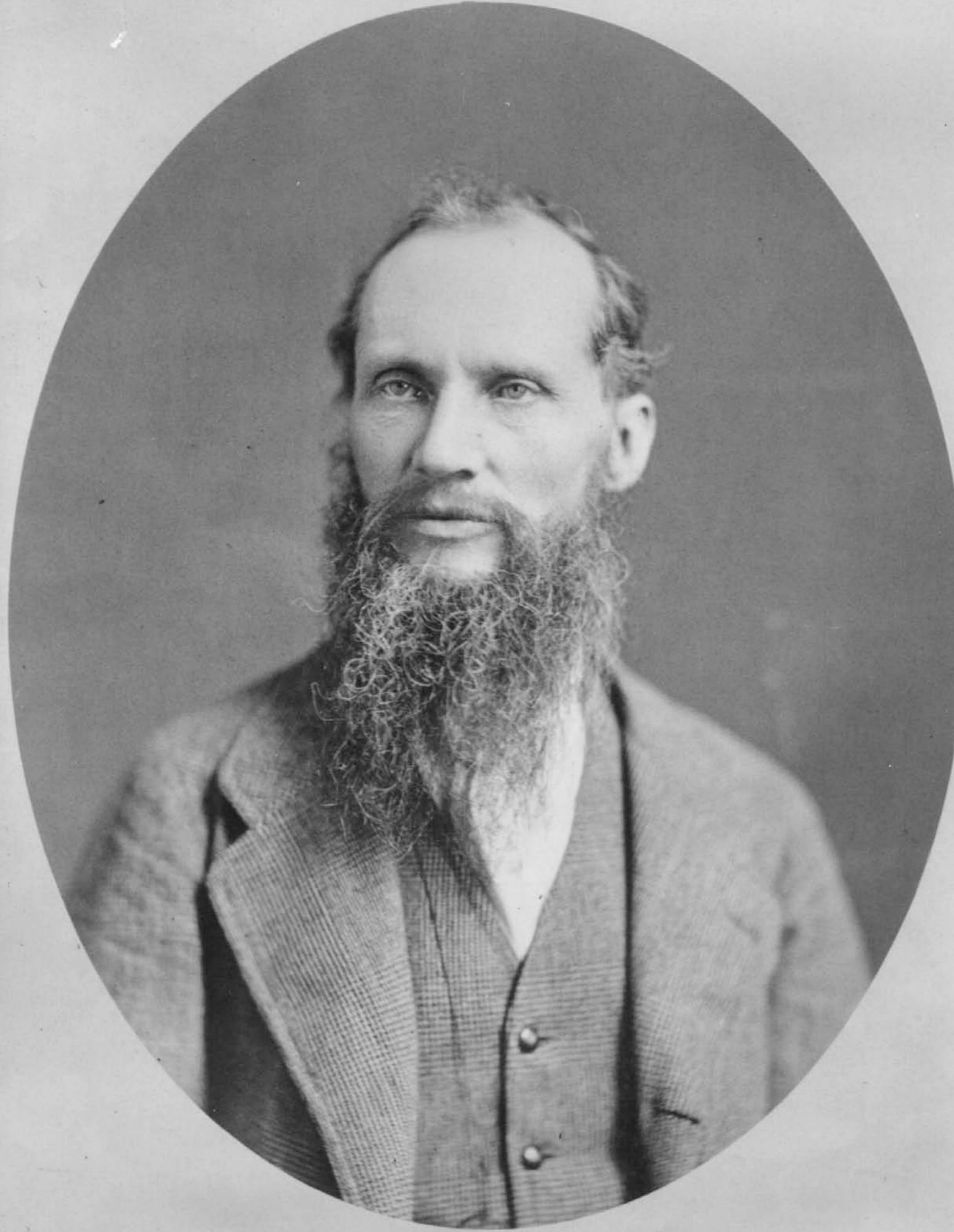
Genesis (J. Lightfoot after Archbishop Ussher, 1654):

Moment of Creation was October 26, 4004 B.C.E.

at 9:00 a.m. in Mesopotamia.

How old is the Earth?

Uniformitarian geologists (James Hutton, 1795):
“no vestige of a beginning,
no prospect of an end”



William Thomson (Lord Kelvin), 1862

How long for molten Earth to cool?

20 – 40 million years

*Challenge to Religious Authority ...
and to Darwinian evolution*



LORD AND LADY KELVIN IN CORONATION ROBES

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Radioactivity reheats the Earth

Isotopic abundances:

Oldest rocks · 3.8 billion years

Primal Earth (meteorites) · 4.5 billion years



WebElements: the periodic table on the world-wide web

<http://www.webelements.com/>

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
hydrogen 1 H 1.00794(7)	beryllium 4 Be 9.012182(3)																helium 2 He 4.002602(2)
lithium 3 Li 6.941(2)	magnesium 12 Mg 24.3050(6)																neon 10 Ne 20.1797(6)
sodium 11 Na 22.989770(2)																	boron 5 B 10.811(7)
potassium 19 K 39.0983(1)	calcium 20 Ca 40.078(4)	scandium 21 Sc 44.955910(8)	titanium 22 Ti 47.867(1)	vanadium 23 V 50.9415(1)	chromium 24 Cr 51.9961(6)	manganese 25 Mn 54.938049(9)	iron 26 Fe 55.845(2)	cobalt 27 Co 58.933200(9)	nickel 28 Ni 58.6934(2)	copper 29 Cu 63.546(3)	zinc 30 Zn 65.39(2)	gallium 31 Ga 69.723(1)	germanium 32 Ge 72.61(2)	arsenic 33 As 74.92160(2)	selenium 34 Se 78.96(3)	bromine 35 Br 79.904(1)	krypton 36 Kr 83.80(1)
rubidium 37 Rb 85.4678(3)	strontium 38 Sr 87.62(1)	yttrium 39 Y 88.90585(2)	zirconium 40 Zr 91.224(2)	niobium 41 Nb 92.90638(2)	molybdenum 42 Mo 95.94(1)	ruthenium 44 Ru 101.07(2)	rhodium 45 Rh 102.90550(2)	palladium 46 Pd 106.42(1)	silver 47 Ag 107.8682(2)	cadmium 48 Cd 112.411(8)	indium 49 In 114.818(3)	tin 50 Sn 118.710(7)	antimony 51 Sb 121.760(1)	tellurium 52 Te 127.60(3)	iodine 53 I 126.90447(3)	xenon 54 Xe 131.29(2)	
caesium 55 Cs 132.90545(2)	barium 56 Ba 137.327(7)	57-70 * Lu 174.967(1)	lutetium 71 Lu 174.967(1)	tantalum 73 Ta 180.9479(1)	tungsten 74 W 183.84(1)	osmium 76 Os 190.23(3)	iridium 77 Ir 192.217(3)	platinum 78 Pt 195.078(2)	gold 79 Au 196.96655(2)	mercury 80 Hg 200.59(2)	thallium 81 Tl 204.3833(2)	lead 82 Pb 207.2(1)	bismuth 83 Bi 208.98038(2)	polonium 84 Po [208.9824]	radon 86 Rn [222.0176]		
	radium 88 Ra [226.0254]	89-102 ** Lr [262.110]	lawrencium 103 Rf [261.1089]	rutherfordium 104 Df [262.1144]	dubnium 105 Db [263.1186]	seaborgium 106 Sg [264.12]	bohrium 107 Bh [265.1306]	hassium 108 Hs [268]	meitnerium 109 Mt [269]	ununnilium 110 Uun [269]	unununium 111 Uuu [272]	ununbium 112 Uub [277]	ununquadium 114 Uuq [289]	ununhexium 116 Uuh [289]	ununoctium 118 Uuo [293]		

*lanthanides	lanthanum 57 La 138.9055(2)	cerium 58 Ce 140.116(1)	praseodymium 59 Pr 140.90765(2)	neodymium 60 Nd 144.24(3)	... neptunium 93 Np [237.0482]	samarium 62 Sm 150.36(3)	europeum 63 Eu 151.964(1)	gadolinium 64 Gd 157.25(3)	terbium 65 Tb 158.92534(2)	dysprosium 66 Dy 162.50(3)	holmium 67 Ho 164.93032(2)	erbium 68 Er 167.26(3)	thulium 69 Tm 168.93421(2)	ytterbium 70 Yb 173.04(3)
**actinides	actinium 89 Ac [227.0277]	thorium 90 Th 232.0381(1)	protactinium 91 Pa 231.03588(2)	uranium 92 U 238.0289(1)	neptunium 93 Np [244.0642]	plutonium 94 Pu [243.0614]	americium 95 Am [243.0614]	curium 96 Cm [247.0703]	berkelium 97 Bk [247.0703]	californium 98 Cf [251.0796]	einsteinium 99 Esf [252.0830]	fermium 100 Fm [257.0951]	mendelevium 101 Md [258.0984]	nobelium 102 No [259.1011]

Symbols and names: the symbols of the elements, their names, and their spellings are those recommended by IUPAC. After some controversy, the names of elements 101-109 are now confirmed: see Pure & Appl. Chem., 1997, **69**, 2471–2473. Names have not been proposed as yet for the most recently discovered elements 110–112, 114, 116, and 118 so those used here are IUPAC's temporary systematic names: see Pure & Appl. Chem., 1979, **51**, 381–384. In the USA and some other countries, the spellings aluminium and cesium are normal while in the UK and elsewhere the usual spelling is sulphur.

Periodic table organisation: for a justification of the positions of the elements La, Ac, Lu, and Lr in the WebElements periodic table see W.B. Jensen, "The positions of lanthanum (actinium) and lutetium (lawrencium) in the periodic table", J. Chem. Ed., 1982, **59**, 634–636.

Group labels: the numeric system (1–18) used here is the current IUPAC convention. For a discussion of this and other common systems see: W.C. Fernелиus and W.H. Powell, "Confusion in the periodic table of the elements", J. Chem. Ed., 1982, **59**, 504–508.

Atomic weights (mean relative masses): see Pure & Appl. Chem., 1996, **68**, 2339–2359. These are the IUPAC 1995 values. Elements for which the atomic weight is contained within square brackets have no stable nuclides and are represented by one of the element's more important isotopes. However, the three elements thorium, protactinium, and uranium do have characteristic terrestrial abundances and these are the values quoted. The last significant figure of each value is considered reliable to ± 1 except where a larger uncertainty is given in parentheses.

©1999 Dr Mark J Winter [University of Sheffield, webelements@sheffield.ac.uk]. For updates to this table see <http://www.shef.ac.uk/chemistry/webelements/support/media/pdf/periodic-table.html>. Version date: 13 July 1999.

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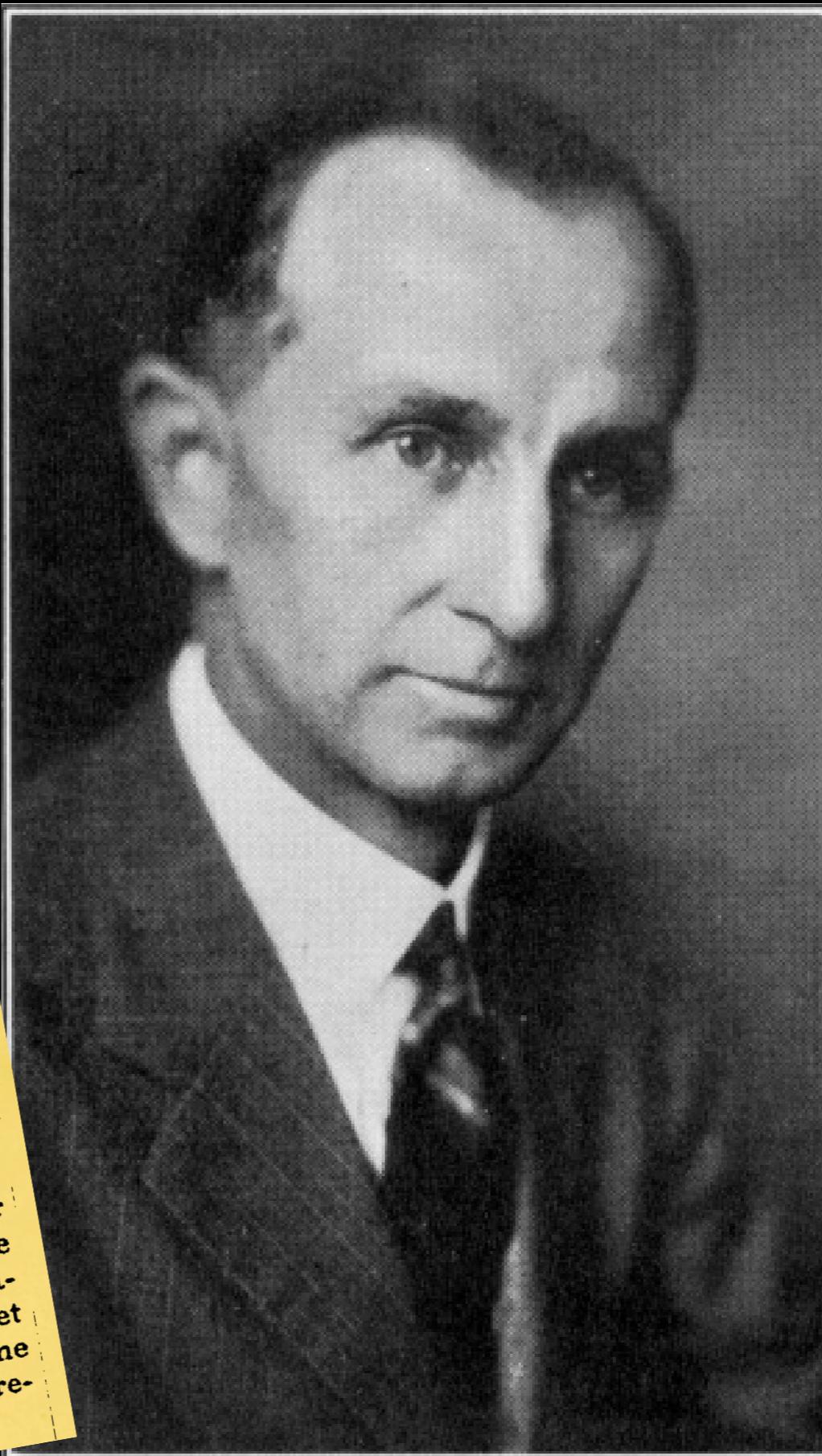
Illinium Is the Name Chosen.

'The discoverer
of the element
No. 61 which
has revealed its
identity through

the medium of X-rays has christened it "Illinium," in recognition of the support which the State of Illinois has given to the university in which the work was done. It is an appropriate and euphonious name, recalling not only the State and its university but the aboriginal inhabitants, the Indians who called themselves Illini, the name in their language for "men."

So it is the "Land of Men" in which this rare earth was discovered—a more generic name than "Americanum," which was suggested. Whether this rare earth was actually deposited in Illinois in bygone ages or was imported from some other State or country is not announced. Probably it is like some of that most rare earth, which Illinois discovered, gave to the world and then brought back to burial in its own prairie soil, in the person of ABRAHAM LINCOLN, in that it, too, had its origin in another region.

But whatever the source of Illinium, it will be associated with the State of LINCOLN and will permanently represent America in the great world Assembly of Elements. There is a chance that there may be still further representation, as four elements remain to be identified, and any one or all of them may be discovered in the same or some other American laboratory. In that event, there may yet be an element which will bear a name in which all the States will be represented.





"Scientists confirmed today that everything we know about the structure of the universe is wrongedy-wrong-wrong."

Making Connections

Intuition is empathy.

Knowing how things will turn out

Learning to hear the poetry of Nature

Science is radically conservative.

Introduce assumptions reluctantly

Formulate assumptions precisely

Draw conclusions broadly

Science celebrates doubt.

“the humility of the intellect ...”

The Importance of Knowing What We Don't Know

Good scientific advice
may be frustratingly conditional.

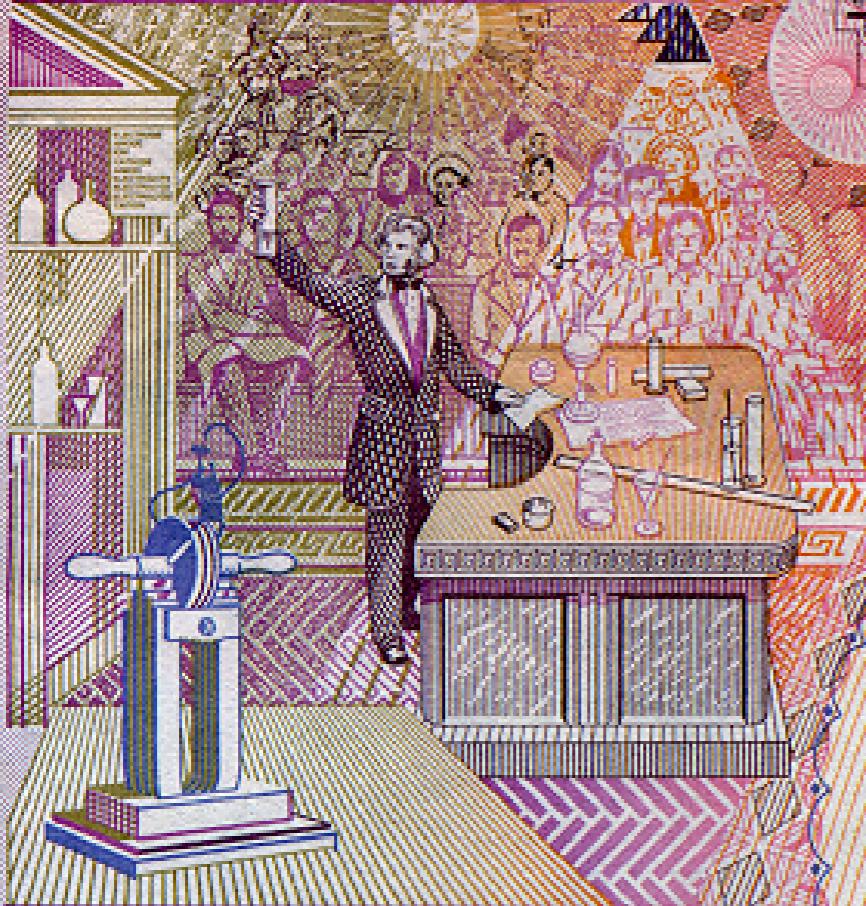
Sometimes . . .

- ▶ We *don't know enough to give a straight answer*
- ▶ *Nature can't be pinned down*

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TWENTY
POUNDS

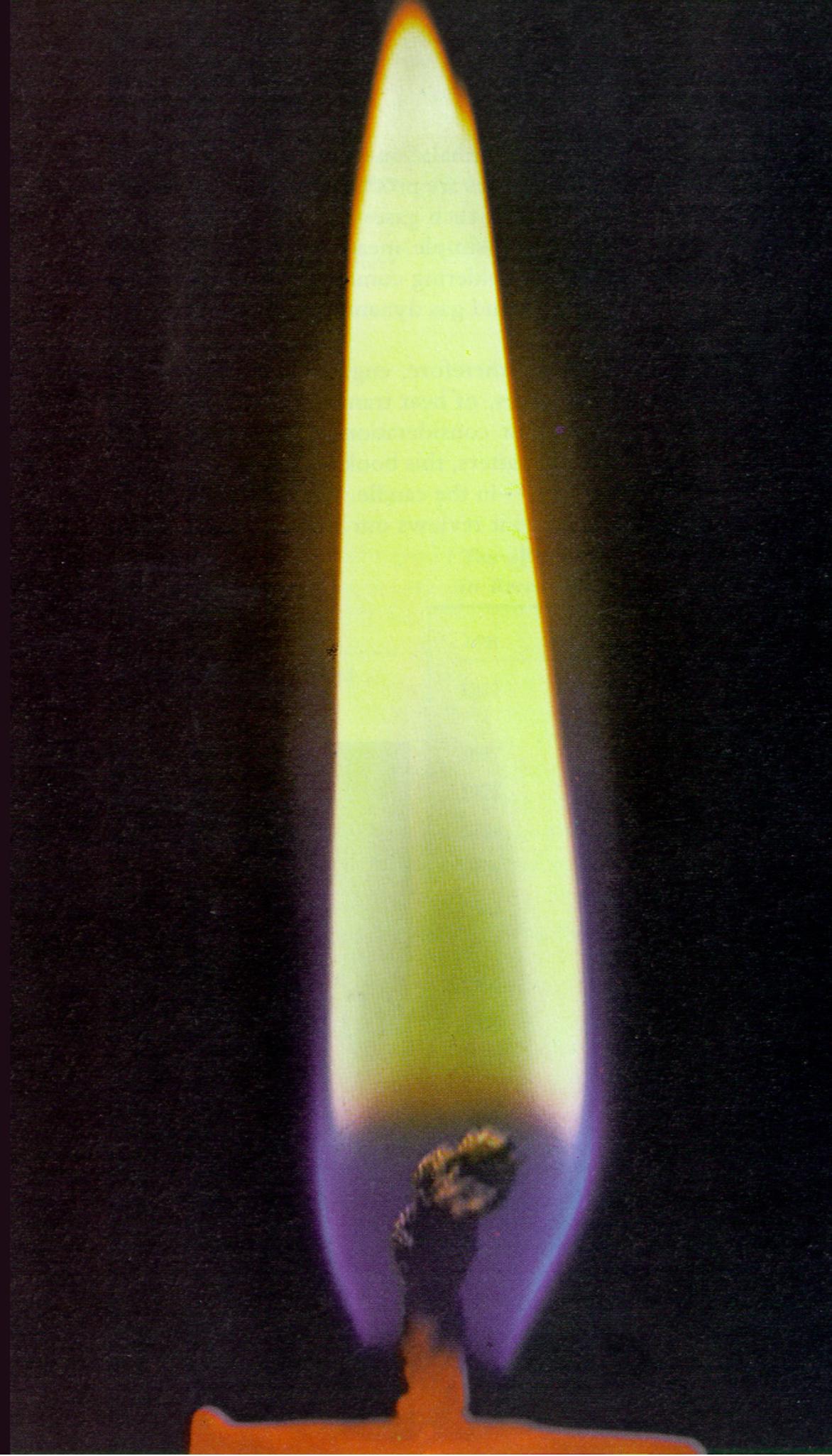


ROYAL INSTITUTION CHRISTMAS LECTURES INITIATED IN 1826
THE MAGNETO-ELECTRIC SPARK APPARATUS



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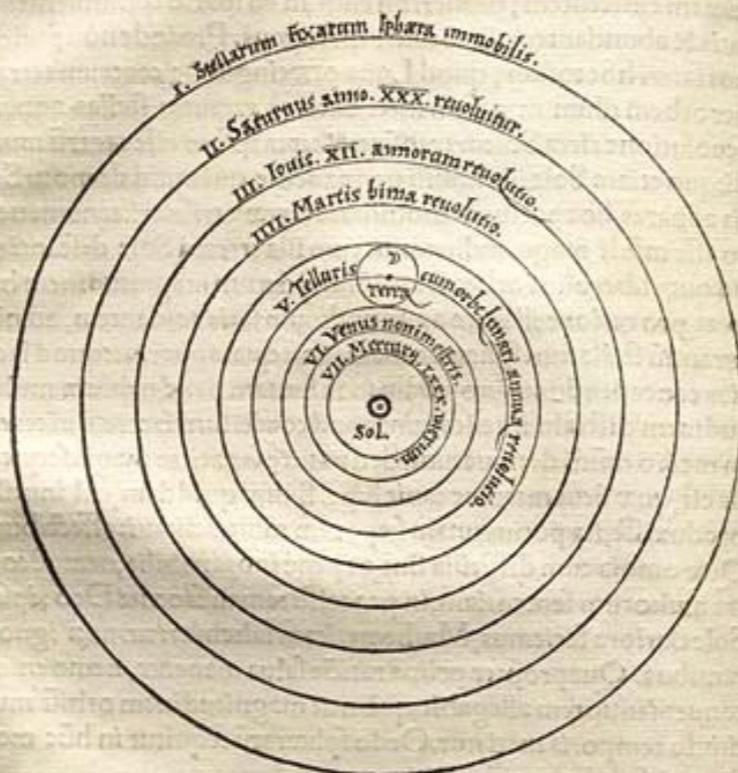


Moral Choices

Science can inform, not resolve.

Science changes the way we see
ourselves, and our world.

net, in quo terram cum orbe lunari tanquam epicyclo contineri diximus. Quinto loco Venus nono mense reducitur. Sextum deniq; locum Mercurius tenet, octuaginta dierum spacio circu currens. In medio uero omnium residet Sol. Quis enim in hoc



pulcherrimo templo lampadem hanc in alio uel meliori loco poneret, quam unde totum simul possit illuminare. Siquidem non inepte quidam lucernam mundi, alijs mentem, alijs rectorem uocant. Trimegistus uisibilem Deum, Sophoclis Electra intuentem omnia. Ita profecto tanquam in folio re gali Sol residens circum agentem gubernat Astrorum familiam. Tellus quoq; minime fraudatur lunari ministerio, sed ut Aristoteles de animalibus ait, maximā Luna cū terra cognitionē habet. Concipit interea à Sole terra, & impregnatur annuo partu. Inuenimus igitur sub hac

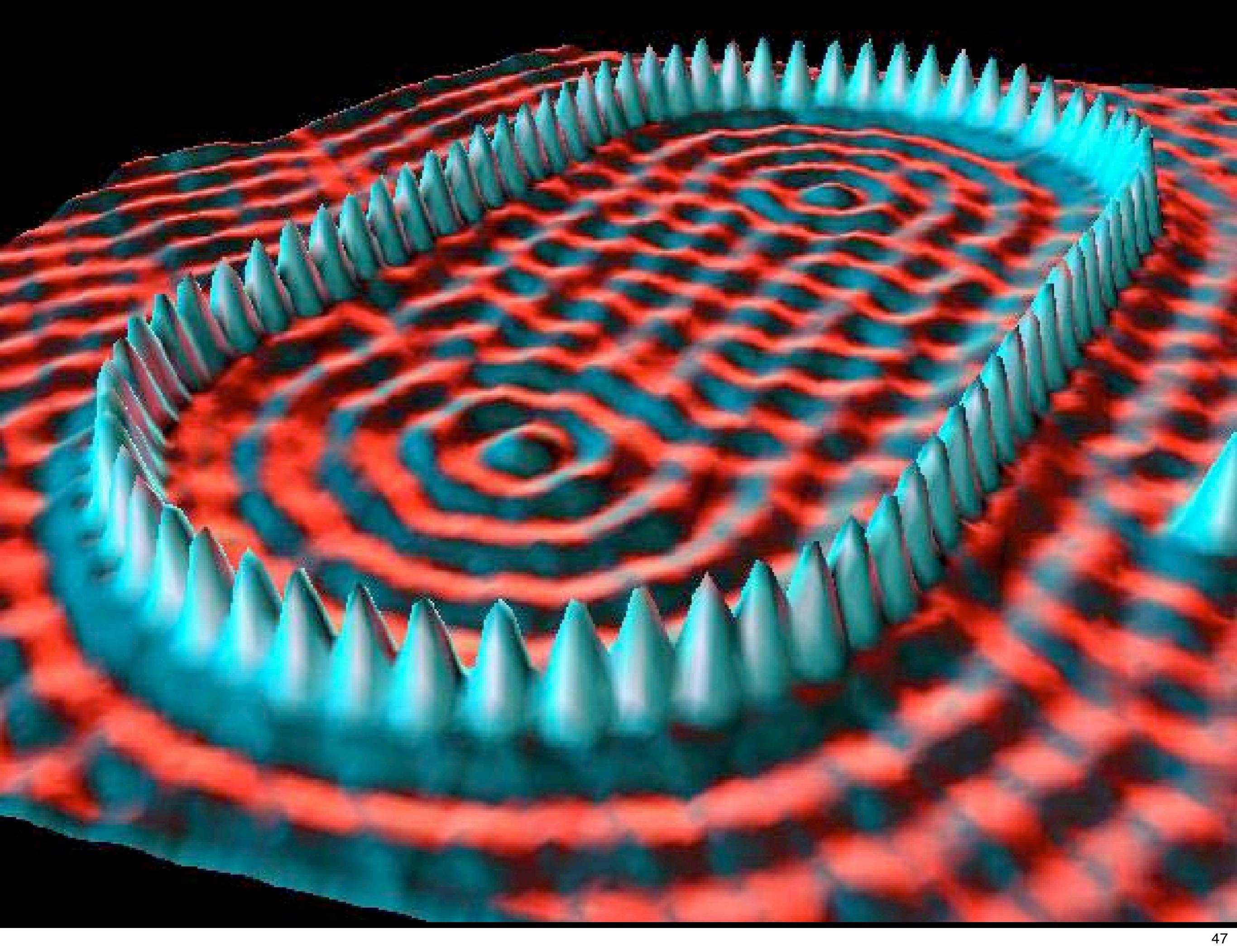
hac coordinatione admirandam mundi symmetriam, ac certū harmoniae nexum motus & magnitudinis orbium: qualis alio modo reperiri non potest. Hic enim licet animaduertere, nō segni contemplati, cur maior in loue progressus & regressus appareat, quam in Saturno, & minor quam in Marte: ac rursus maior in Venere quam in Mercurio. Quodq; frequentior appetat in Saturno talis reciprocatio, quam in loue: rario adhuc in Marte, & in Venere, quam in Mercurio. Præterea quod Saturnus, Iupiter, & Mars acronycti propinquiores sint terræ, quam circa eorū occultationem & apparitionem. Maxime uero Mars pernox factus magnitudine louem æquare uidetur, colore dunataxat rutilo discretus: illic autem uix inter secundæ magnitudinis stellas inuenitur, sedula obseruatione sestantibus cognitus. Quæ omnia ex eadem causa procedunt, quæ in telluris est motu. Quod autem nihil eorum apparet in fixis, immensam illorū arguit celitudinem, quæ faciat etiam annui motus orbem siue eius imaginem ab oculis euanscere. Quoniam omne uisibile longitudinem distantiae habet aliquam, ultra quam non amplius spectatur, ut demonstratur in Opticis. Quod enim à supremo errantium Saturno ad fixarum sphæram adhuc plurimum intersit, scintillantia illorum lumina demonstrant. Quo indicio maxime discernuntur à planetis, quodq; inter mota & non mota, maximam oportebat esse differentiam. Tanta nimis est diuina hæc Opt. Max. fabrica.

Detriplici motu telluris demonstratio. Cap. xi.

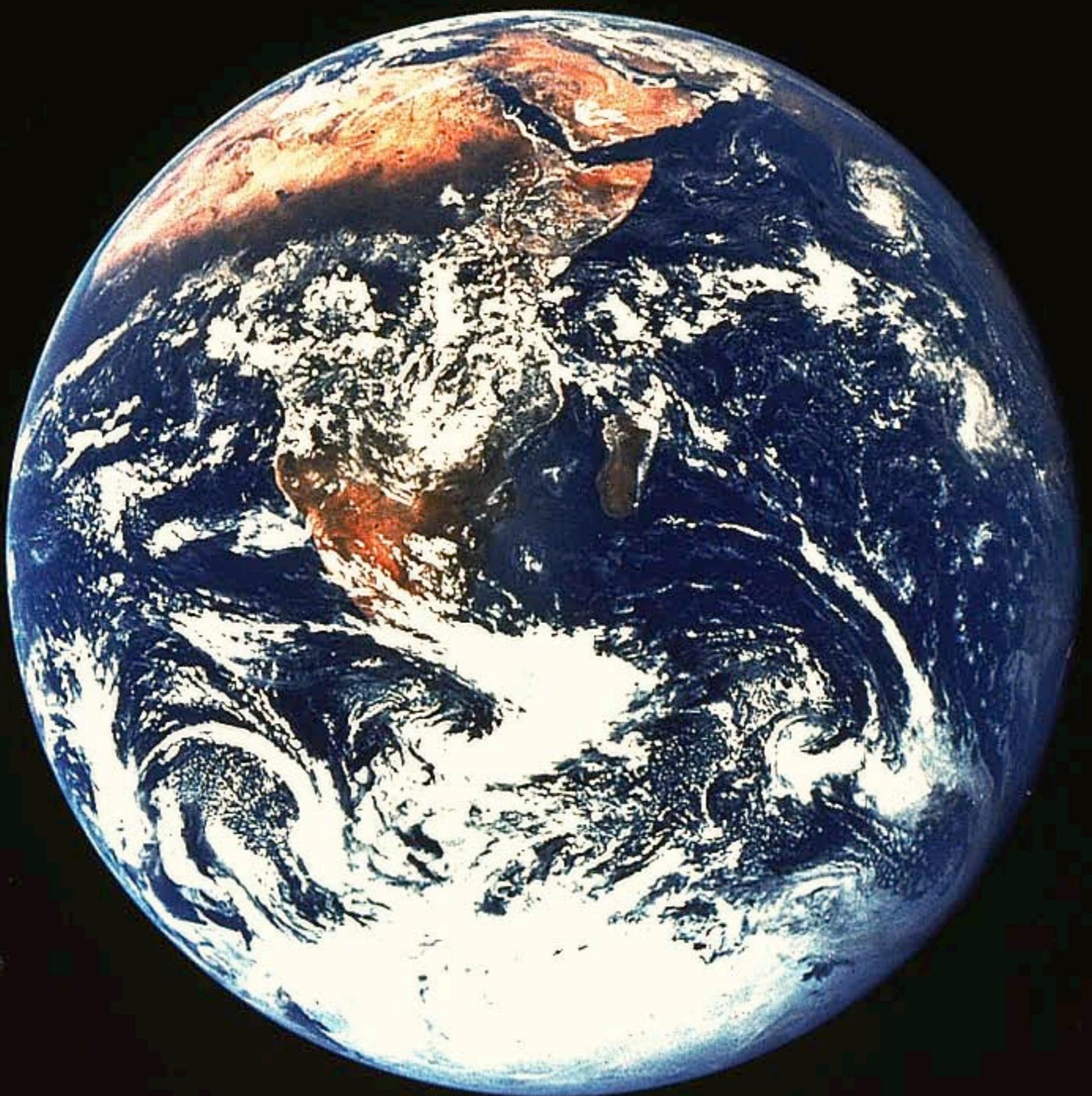


Vm igitur mobilitati terrenq; errantium syderum consentiant testimonia, iam ipsum motum in summa exponemus, quatenus apparentia per ipsum tanquam hypotesim demonstrentur, quæ triplicē omnino oportet admittere. Primum quem diximus *νυχιδίον* à Græcis uocari, dici noctisq; circuitum proprium, circa axem telluris, ab occasu in ortum uergentem, prout in diuersum mundus ferri putatur, æquinoctiale circulum describendo, quem nonnulli æquidiale dicunt, imitantes significationem Græco c i j rum,

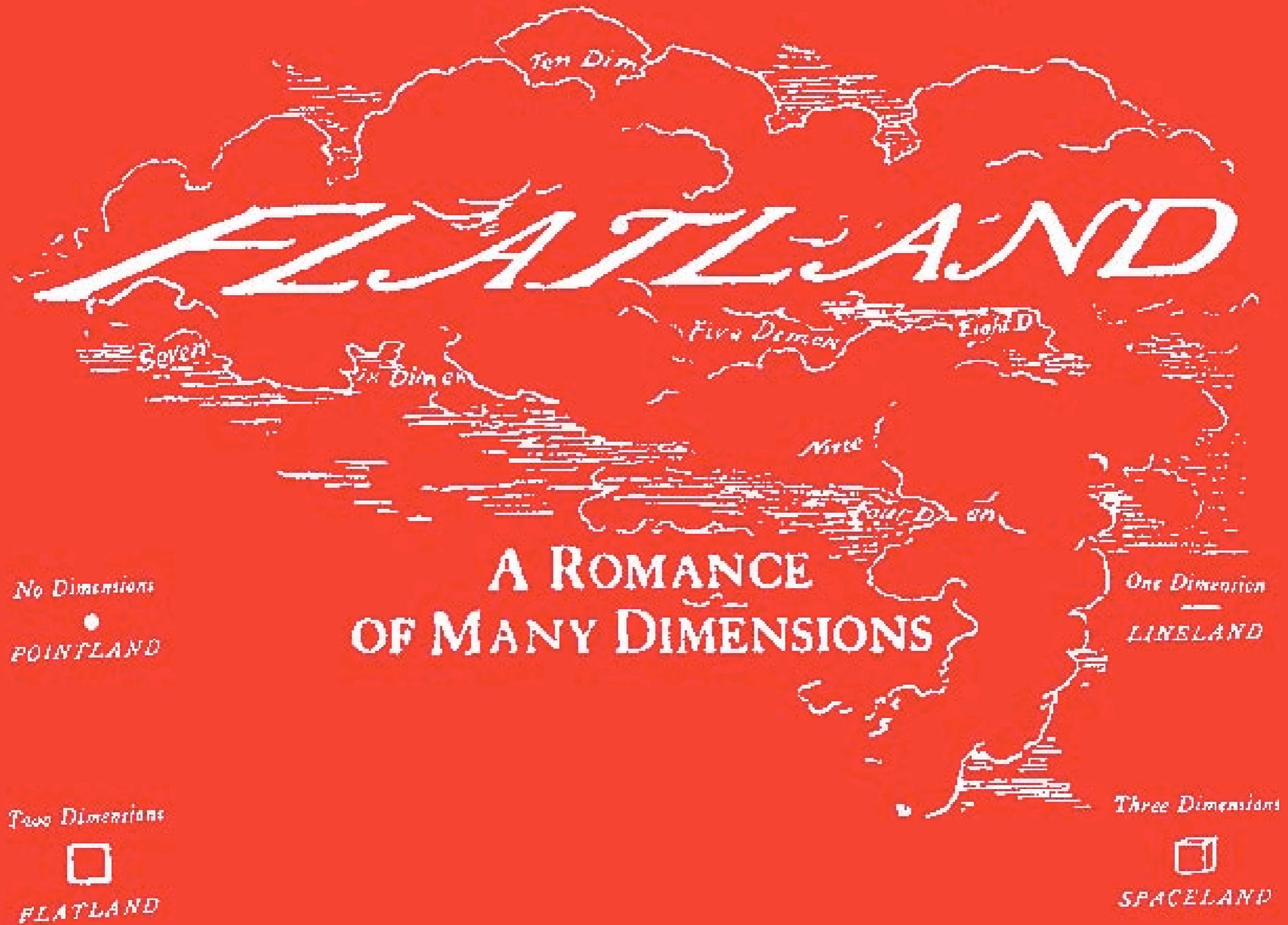




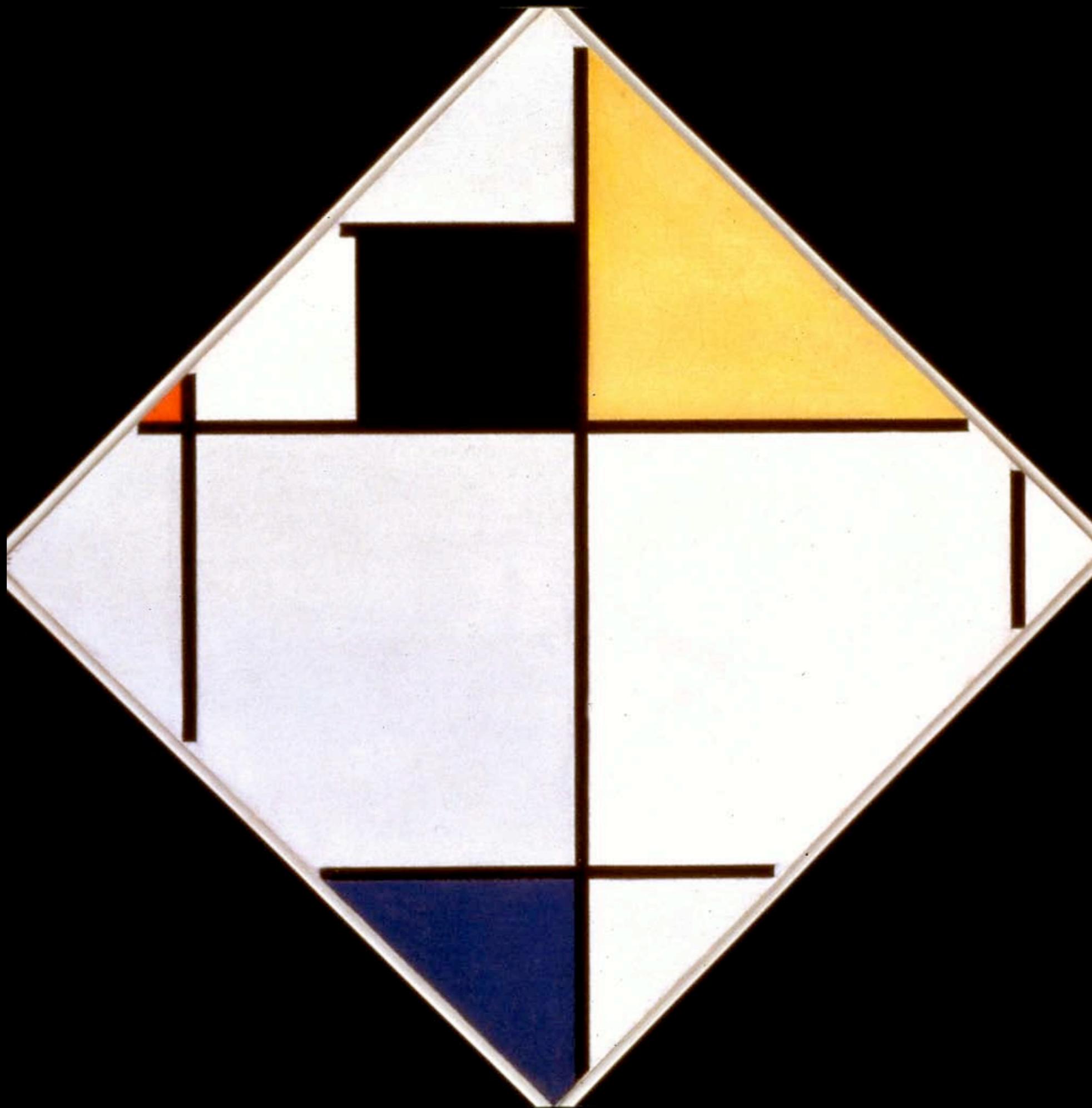




"O day and night, but this is wondrous strange!"



Creativity in Art and Science





Why not?